

LMU

LUDWIG-
MAXIMILIANS-
UNIVERSITÄT
MÜNCHEN

MUNICH INTERNATIONAL
SUMMER UNIVERSITY

MISU^{LMU}

European Studies

Berlin – Munich - Brussels

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www.australia-misu.de



Head Coordinator and Lecturer

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Stefan Jagdhuber is the EU Studies Head Coordinator for the Munich International Summer University (MISU) at the LMU Munich and a Researcher Fellow at the Chair of International Relations at the LMU Munich. His research focus is on theories of International Relations and European Integration that he uses to analyze the EU's performance on the international scene as well as the integration trajectory of policies belonging to the EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice. His last (co-authored) publication was in in the top academic journal on the European Union, the *Journal of European Public Policy*:

(2019): 'Political (non-)reform in the euro crisis and the refugee crisis: a liberal intergovernmentalist explanation', *Journal of European Public Policy* 26 (2): 246-266 (together with Felix Biermann, Nina Guérin, Berthold Rittberger and Moritz Weiss).

Stefan Jagdhuber holds a MA in political science from the Ludwig-Maximilians University Munich and attended several academic workshops and conferences in the United Kingdom, the USA, Italy and Belgium. He just submitted his dissertation on 'Vertical Differentiation in the European Union: Explaining Varying integration levels in the EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice'.

Berlin

Arrival: 13 January

Sessions: 14 – 18 January

Departure: 21 January

Sessions will take place at:

Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin (WZB), Reichpietschufer 50, 10785 Berlin

Host institution

Wissenschaftszentrum Berlin (WZB)

(Berlin Social Science Center)

Reichpietschufer 50, 10785 Berlin



WZB

Berlin Social Science Center

The Berlin Social Science Center (WZB) has one central research objective, namely how globalization is managed in today's societies. Adopting a comparative perspective, the WZB analyses social change in theory-informed fashion on the following research areas:

- Dynamics of social inequalities
- Markets and choice
- International politics and law
- Migration and diversity
- Political economy of development

Researchers at the WZB have studied sociology, political science, economics, and law. About 190 scientists and 140 staff members and 90 student assistants work together to produce ground-breaking academic output on the socio-economic and political developments in modern times.

General course content for seminar session in Berlin

- Classes on modern European history as well as the Cold War to understand why European states opted for European integration instead of European cooperation
- Seminar sessions are complemented with excursions to cultural sites in Berlin that visualize modern European history

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 14	Introduction to the program A short cut through modern European history In this session, we will get to know each other, clarify learning objectives, outline the course content and determine our communication channels. Moreover, this session will introduce you to modern European history. Dominant questions to be answered are: why was there no European integration before 1945? Why is European <i>Integration</i> and not just European cooperation?		
Tue, 15	Field trip and City tour Based on what we have learned the day before, we will do a walk through the city and visit some memorial sites that are dedicated to remind citizens of the cruelties of World War II, the Holocaust and the Nazi rule in Germany.		
Wed, 16	The Cold War and European Integration: European Community (EC) to European Union (EU) This session will assess the political development of the integration process from the 1950s until the Treaty of Maastricht (1993). We will trace the European integration process in in the wider historical context of the Cold War. Why did European integration deepen and why did several European states apply for EU membership during this period?		
Thu, 17	Field trip – Berlin Wall Memorial Based on what we have learned the day before, we will visit the Berlin Wall Memorial in order to get a deeper understanding of what it meant for Germany and Europe to be separated and entrenched in Cold War dynamics.		
Fri, 18	Visit to the Pergamon Museum group reservation		
Sat, 19			
Sun, 20			
Mon, 21	Departure to Munich Meeting point 11.30 in the Hotel Lobby Train ICE 509 to Munich (Berlin Central Station)		

Munich

Arrival: 21 January

Sessions: 22 – 31 January

Departure: 1 February

Sessions will take place at:

Room F 104, Pettenkoferstraße 12, 80336 München

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Tue, 22	<p>The EU's institutional structure after Lisbon</p> <p>The Treaty of Lisbon has been the latest reform of the EU's institutional structure. In this session we will analyse the functioning of the European institutions after Lisbon and assess their effectiveness and problem solving capacities.</p>	<p>The enlargement of the European Union</p> <p>In this session, we will recap the different enlargement rounds of the European Union. Special focus will be laid on the so called 'Big Bang Enlargement' of 2004 when 10 states joined the EU at the same time. Why is the EU enlarging and why are some states allowed to join while others remain 'strategic partners'?</p>	City tour Munich
Wed, 23	<p>Europeanization of national Political systems</p> <p>Based on the preceding session, we will discuss in how far the European integration impacted on national political systems. Moreover, we will discuss in how far European measures have led to converging rules and policies among the Member States.</p>	<p>Methodology and Academic Writing</p> <p>In this special session we will discuss possible topics for the essay. In addition, we will look at the requirements of academic working, the structuring of papers and presentations as well as issues like literature and internet research etc.</p>	German Class
Thu, 24	<p>The Political Economy of European Integration (I): The Single Market and the Monetary Union</p> <p>This session will discuss two of the major economic projects of the European integration: the creation of the single market and the Monetary Union. Both are central elements of Europe's political architecture and have a tremendous impact on economic activities in Europe</p>	<p>The Political Economy of European Integration (II): Recovering from the Eurocrisis</p> <p>After years of banking- and sovereign-debt crisis the financial markets seem to regain confidence in the Eurozone's economy. In this session we will discuss the EU's management of the Eurocrisis and analyse how it has changed the political, economic and social balance of the EU.</p>	German Class
Fri, 25	<p>The EU's Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (AFSJ)</p> <p>The EU's AFSJ covers migration policies, judicial cooperation and police cooperation. We will trace the development of this policy area within the EU with a special focus on the EU's counterterrorism policy.</p>	<p>The EU's migration crisis</p> <p>On the one hand we will describe the events and developments during the ongoing migration crisis. On the other hand we will discuss how effective and legitimate the EU's migration policies have been.</p>	German Class
Sat, 26	<p>Day trip to Neuschwanstein Castle or Salzburg (dependent on weather forecast)</p>		
Sun, 27			

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 28	German language class (double session) 10 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.		
Tue, 29	The EU's Common Foreign and Security Policy (CFSP) In the 1970s, the EC Member States started to coordinate national foreign policies in the framework of EPC. Since the 1990s the development of the CFSP has become one of the most outstanding features of the European integration process.	International relations today and EU actorness Since the end of the Cold War debates in international relations focus on the distribution of power among old and new actors. How power is defined, which role do states play and what about sovereignty? This session will outline the overarching international environment and the EU's actorness therein.	German class
Wed, 30	Political Culture and the question of a European Identity Whereas the preceding session already highlighted the influence of public opinion on European matters, this session will put this development in a larger theoretical context. In how far do national identities converge and in how far can we even observe a truly 'European identity'?	A Europe of the regions? In some of Europe's member states political autonomy and cultural identity are traditionally linked to the region. On EU level this is taken into account with the concept of "A Europe of the Regions" as well as the principle of subsidiarity. This session will discuss what role the regions actually play in European politics.	German class Final exam
Thu, 31	Public Opinion and the Rise of Populist Movements Formerly, governments of EU Member States enjoyed considerable discretion when fleshing out European measures. In this session we discuss recent literature that stresses the 'end of the permissive consensus' and emphasizes the increasing role of public opinion in European matters.	Brexit: The United Kingdom and the EU Britain has always had a special relationship with the EU. This session will assess how membership in the EU has influenced the political system of the UK and where Britain has left its mark on the EU. Lastly, we will analyse the UK's decision to leave the EU.	Farewell meeting Munich
Fri, 1	Departure to Brussels		
Sat, 2			
Sun, 3			

Brussels

Arrival: 1 February

Sessions: 4 – 7 February

Departure: 8 February

Session will take place at:

Europabüro der Bayerischen Kommunen, Rue Guimard 7, B-1040

Brussels

Time	9.30 a.m. – 11.00 a.m.	11.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.	afternoon
Mon, 4	<p>Germany in the European Union: The end of the “permissive consensus”?</p> <p>Building on the previous session we will assess how the Eurocrisis has impacted on the attitude about European integration in Germany. Particular emphasis will be on German public opinion about Europe and we will analyse how Germany’s role in the EU is changing as a result of the crisis.</p>	<p>Europe’s Future: Challenges and perspectives</p> <p>Europe faces many political, economic and societal challenges. In this session, we will sum up our previous findings and discuss in how far we can forecast the EU’s future. Is the EU constantly ‘failing forward’ and further integration a ‘necessity’ or do has the EU reached a ‘constitutional equilibrium’?</p>	
Tue, 5	<p>Presentations of Students’ essay topics and Final discussion and program wrap-up</p>		
Wed, 6	<p>Field trip – visit of the European Parliament We will have a tour through the European Parliament to learn more on parliamentary business and on parliamentary initiatives on concrete policies.</p>		
Thu, 7	<p>Field trip – visit of the European Commission We will visit the facilities of the European Commission. Commission staff will hold a presentation on the work of the Commission and then open the floor for a round of questions.</p>		
Fri, 8	<p>Check-out of Hotel and departure</p>		